

AGIR

Analuse Globalisée des Données d 'Imagerie Radiologique

Grid Analysis of Radiological Data

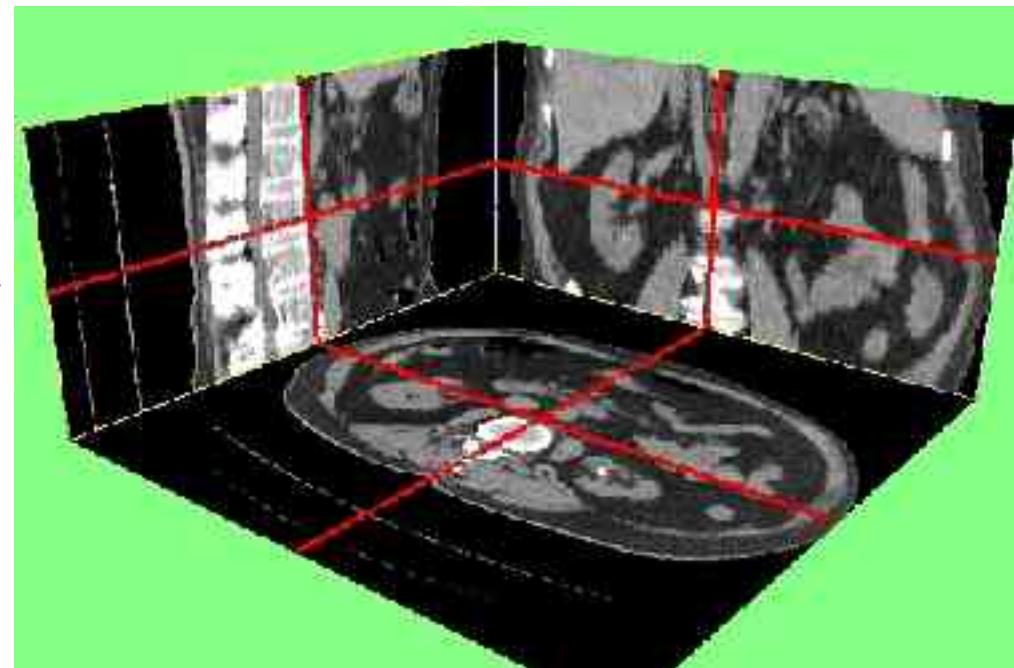
C. Germain pour le projet AGIR

ACI
Masses
De
Données



- Issues in medical image processing
- AGIR overview
- Two actions

- In this talk: medical images are 3D densities – CT, MRI,...
- Huge amount of data
 - ONE radiology department – 10TB/year
 - ONE CT dataset -500MB-2GB



- Huge amount of distributed data
- Compute-intensive analysis
 - Non-linear registration

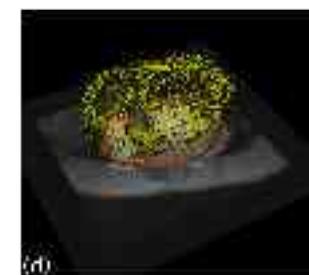
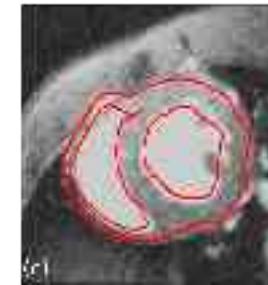
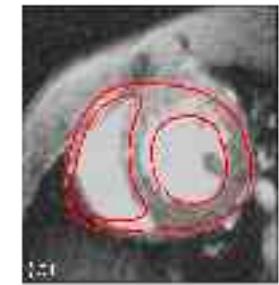
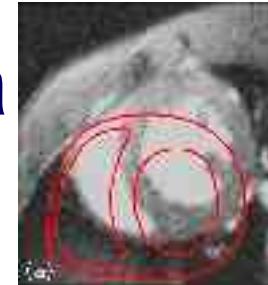


Adaptive non-stationary visco-elastic inter-subject registration

5mn on 15 PC

[R. Stefanescu, X. Pennec, and N. Ayache, *MIM 2005*]

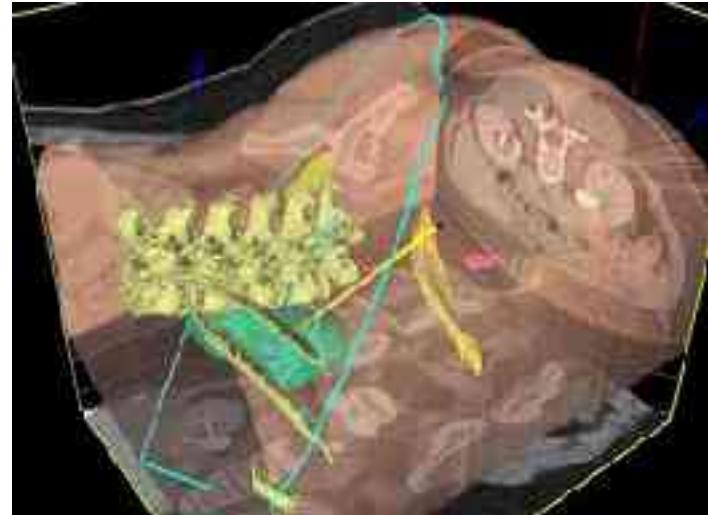
- Huge amount of distributed data
- Compute-intensive analysis
 - Non-linear registration
 - Deformable models



CARDia3D – 3D+time segmentation of MRI cardiac images

[J Schaeerer, P Clarysse, B Hiba, P Croisille, IE Magnin
Computers In Cardiology 2005]

- Huge amount of distributed data
- Compute-intensive analysis
 - Non-linear registration
 - Deformable models
 - Volume reconstruction



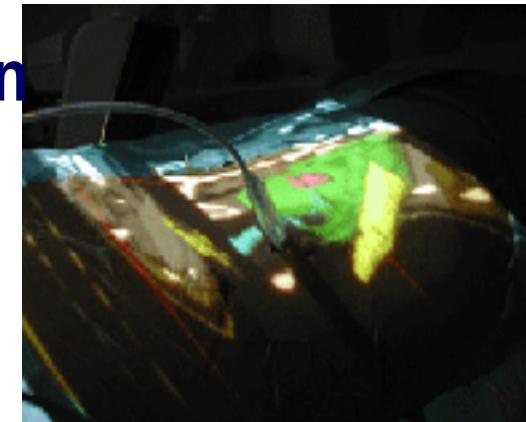
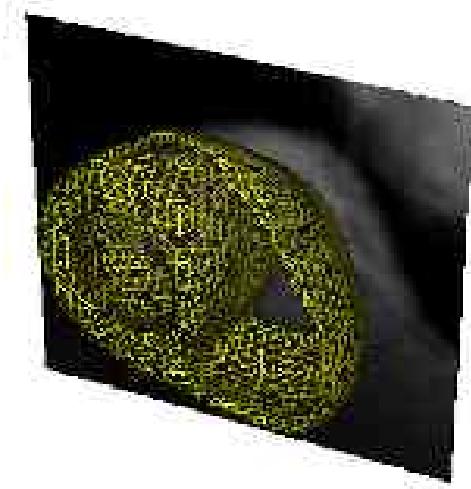
PTM3D volume reconstruction applied to planning
percutaneous nephrolithotomy
20mn sequential
[A. Osorio, O.Traxer, S.Merran, F. Dargent, X. Ripoche,
J. Atif, RSNA-INFORAD 2004, Cum Laude Award]

- Huge amount of distributed data
- Compute-intensive analysis
- Various use cases
 - Clinical
Diagnostic &
Intervention planning
 - Research
Clinical, Neuroscience,
Automatic image analysis



- Huge amount of distributed data
- Compute-intensive analysis
- Various use cases
- But
 - There is a gap between medical image analysis research and clinical & clinical research
 - Data sharing techniques are rudimentary at best

- Bridge the gap: from imaging research to medical research and clinical practice through the interactions between medical image processing and integrated computational and storage grids as a unified resource provider for analysis and data-sharing
- New image analysis algorithms, validation methods, visualization pipelines
- New grid services, dedicated to the medical application level



AGIR

Partners

Analyse Globalisée des Données d'Imagerie Radiologique

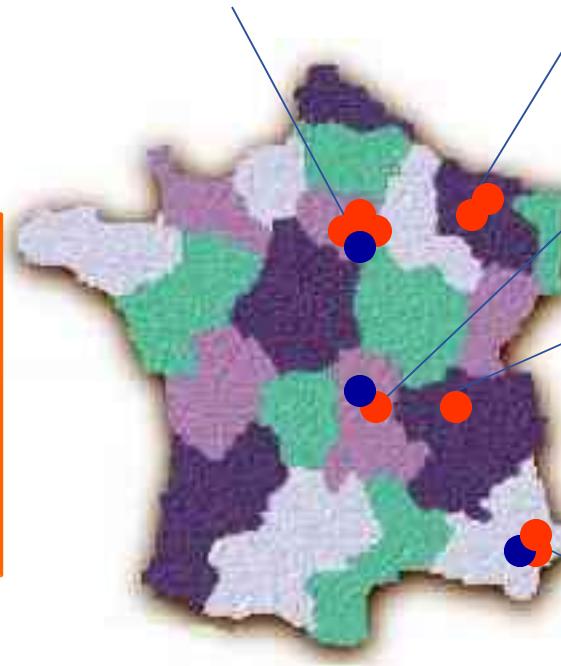


LRI – coll LAL
LIMSI - St Anne Tenon FMP

AIgorille
CRAN



CNRS-STIC
CNRS-IN2P3
INRIA
INSERM
Hospitals



LPC
CHRU Clermont-Ferrand



CREATIS

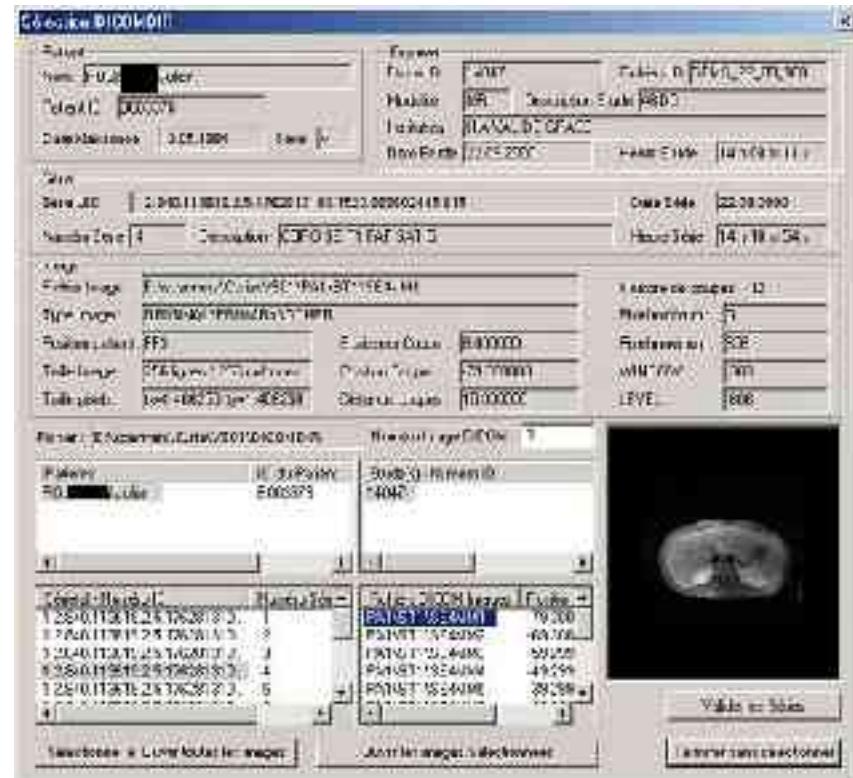
Creatis

Rainbow
Epidaure
Centre Antoine Lacassagne

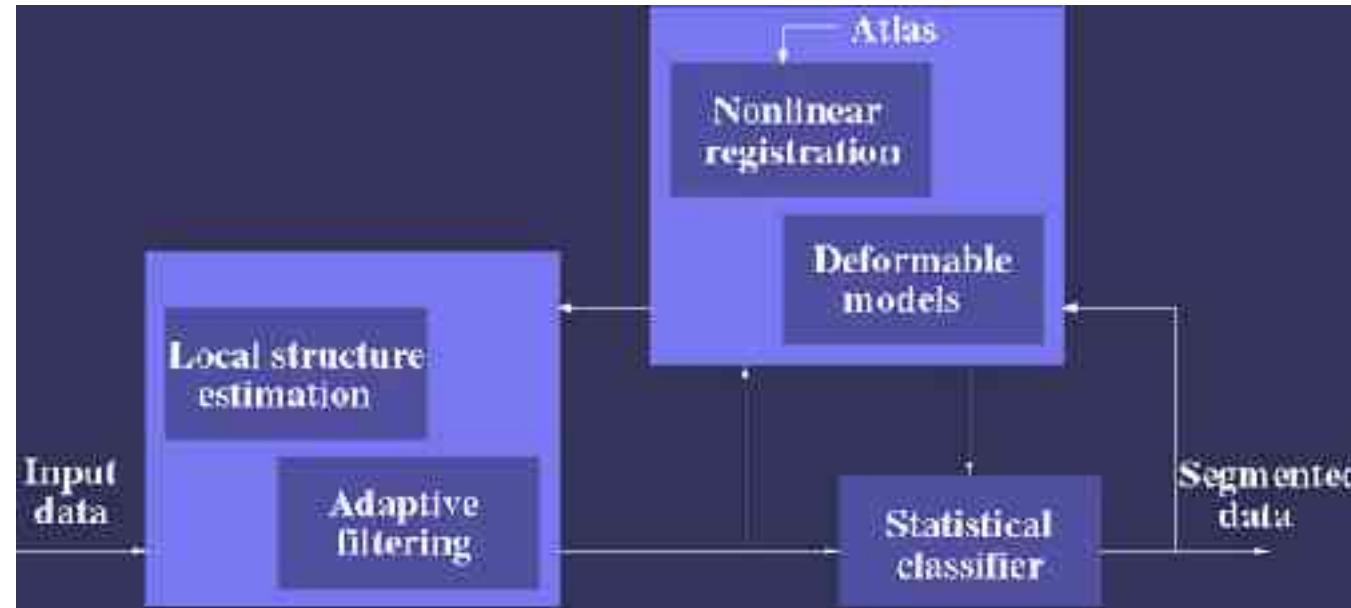


- Parallel Architecture - LRI – U. Paris-Sud & CNRS STIC *Grid models & middleware*
 - Cécile Germain-Renaud, Romain Texier
- LIMSI – CNRS STIC *Medical Image processing & software – Clinical research*
 - Angel Osorio, Julien Nauroy and team, Emmanuelle Frenoux
- AI Gorille – LORIA - U. Nancy & INRIA Lorraine *Grid models & algorithms*
 - Emmanuel Jeannot
- CRAN – U. Nancy & CNRS STIC *Image processing – compression*
 - Jean-Marie Moureaux, Yann Gaudeau
- CREATIS – CNRS STIC, INSERM *Medical Image processing*
 - Isabelle Magnin, Patrick Clarysse and team
- LPC – U. Clermont & CNRS IN2P3 *EGEE & Medical grids*
 - Vincent Breton, Yannick Legré, Antoine Llorens
- EPIDAURE - INRIA Sophia *Image processing*
 - Xavier Penned, Radu Stefanescu
- RAINBOW-I3S CNRS STIC & U. Nice *Software engineering – distributed components*
 - Johan Montagnat, Tristan Glatard
- Centre Antoine Lacassagne *Clinical Research*
 - Pierre-Yves Bondiau
- Collaboration EGEE-LAL
 - Charles Loomis, Daniel Jouvenot

- Medical standards – DICOM
 - Indexation
 - Selection
 - Annotations
 - Image format
- A very complex structure
 - Nested hierarchy
 - Redundancy
 - Proprietary implementations

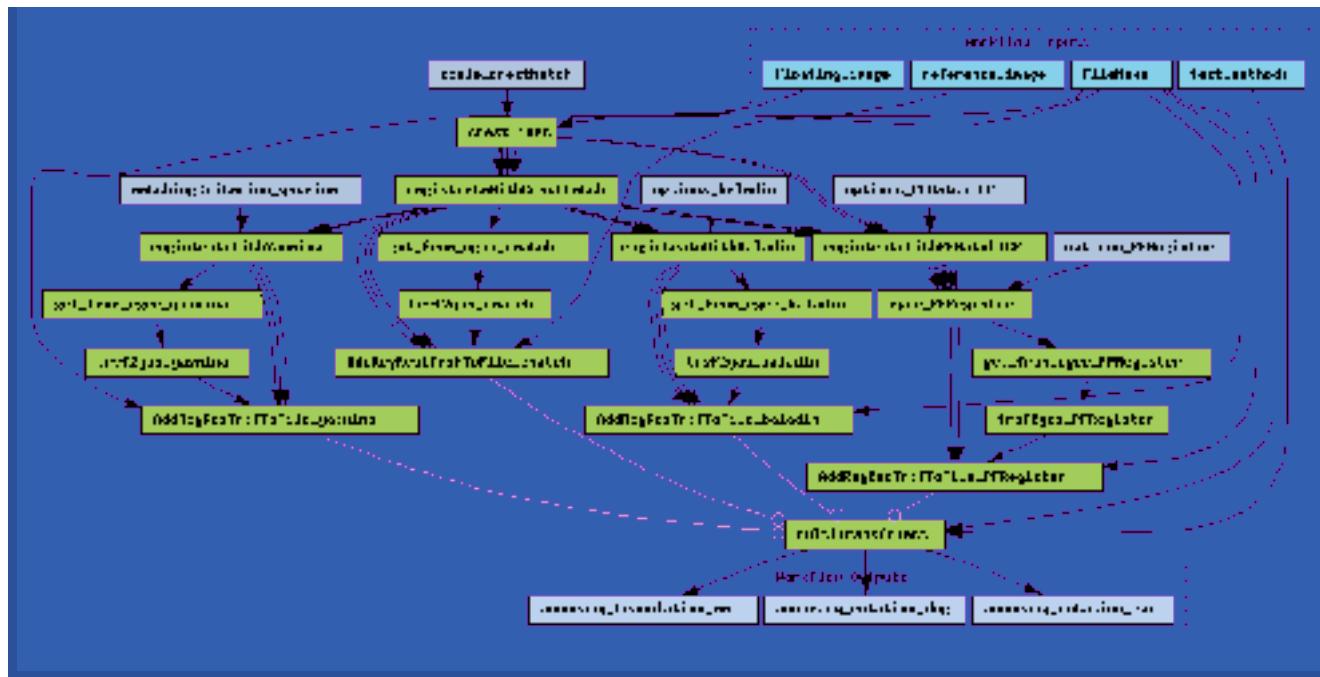


- Individual image analysis



From [R. Kikinis, S. Warfield, C.F. Westin , High Performance Computing (HPC) in Medical Image Analysis (MIA) at the Surgical Planning Laboratory (SPL)]

- Collections of images



[T. Glatard, J. Montagnat, X. Pennec. Computer Based Medical Systems 2005]

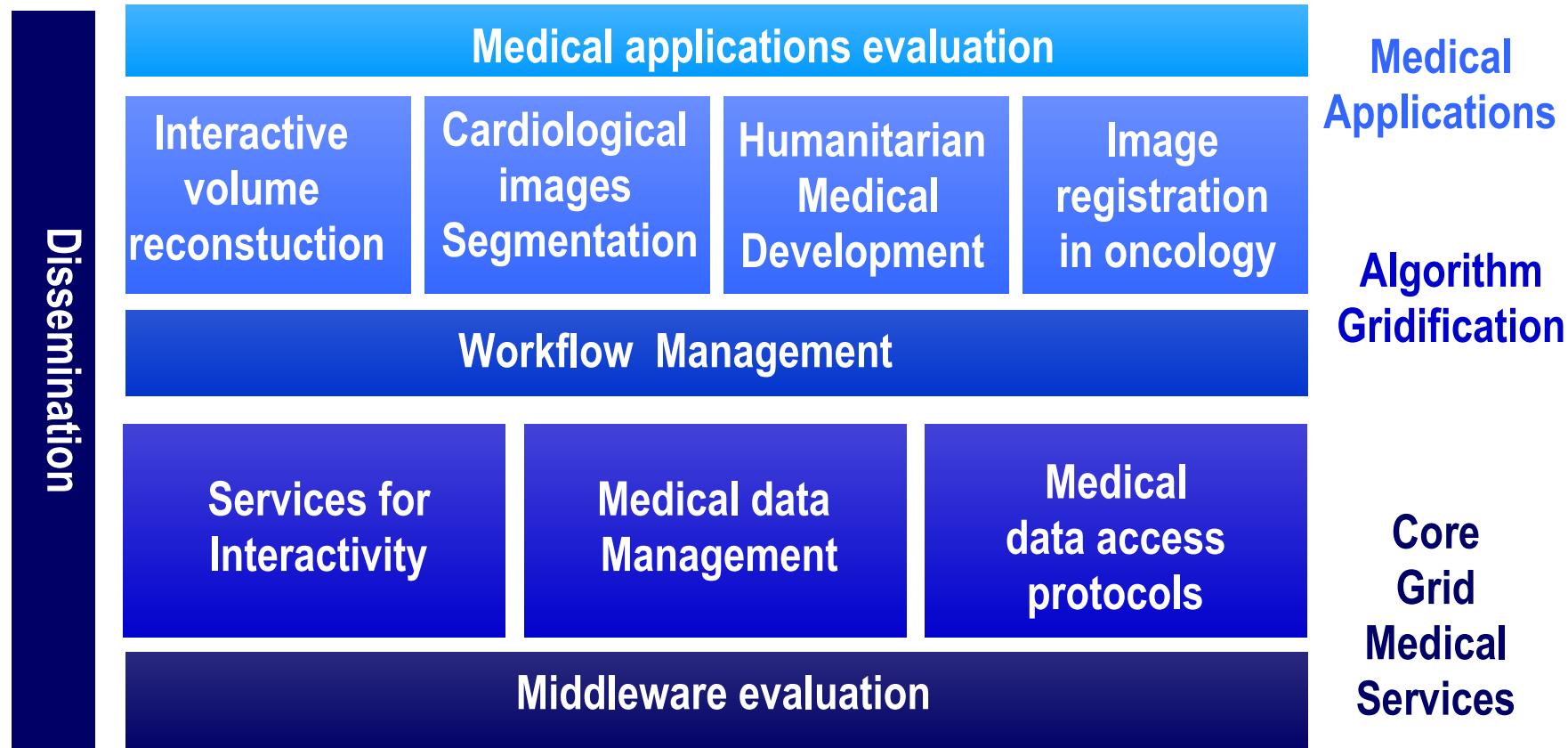
- Rationale: noisy data, pathologies, liability
- Requires to depart from the computing center model
 - Seamless integration of grid resources with local tools: analysis, graphics, interaction...
 - Unplanned access to high-end computing power and data

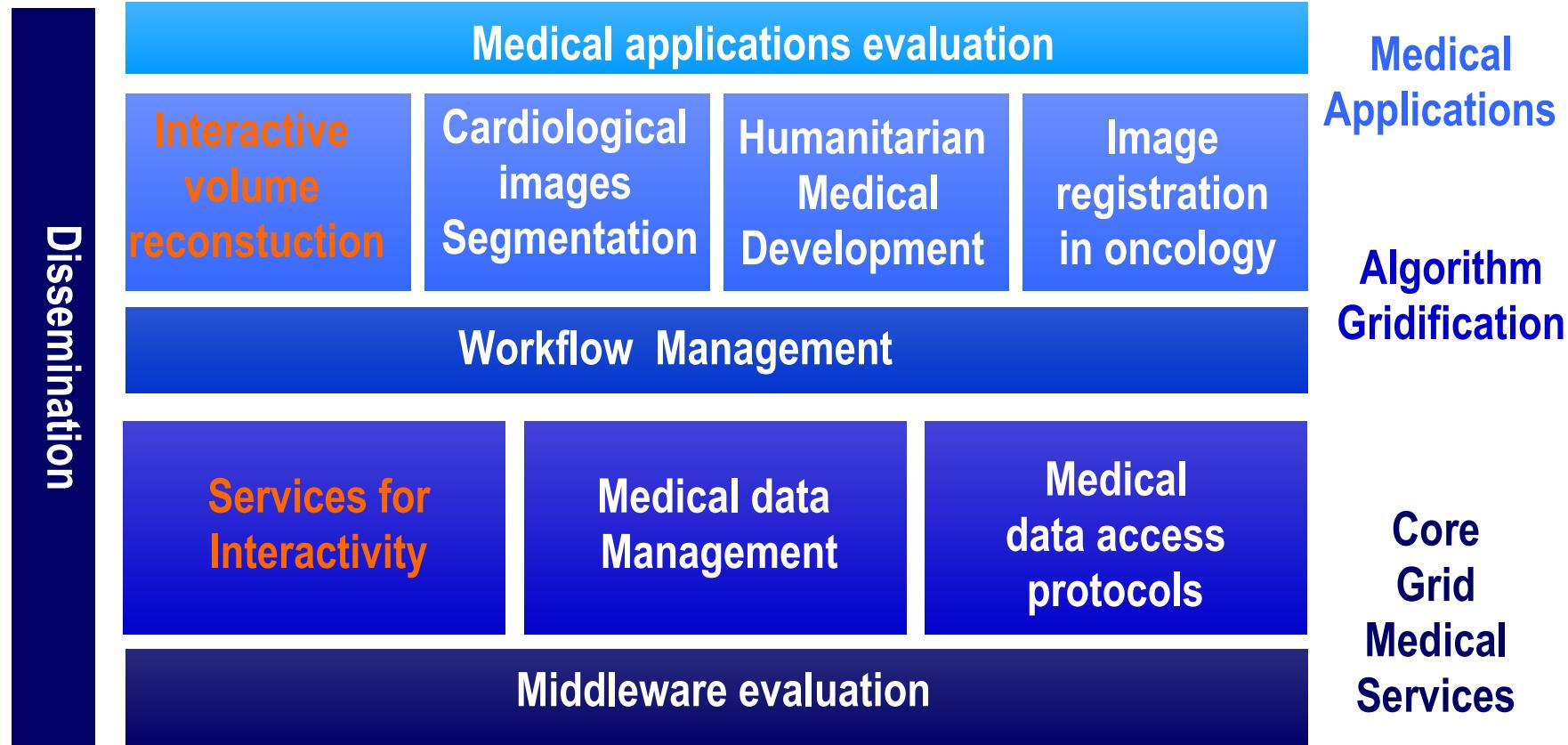


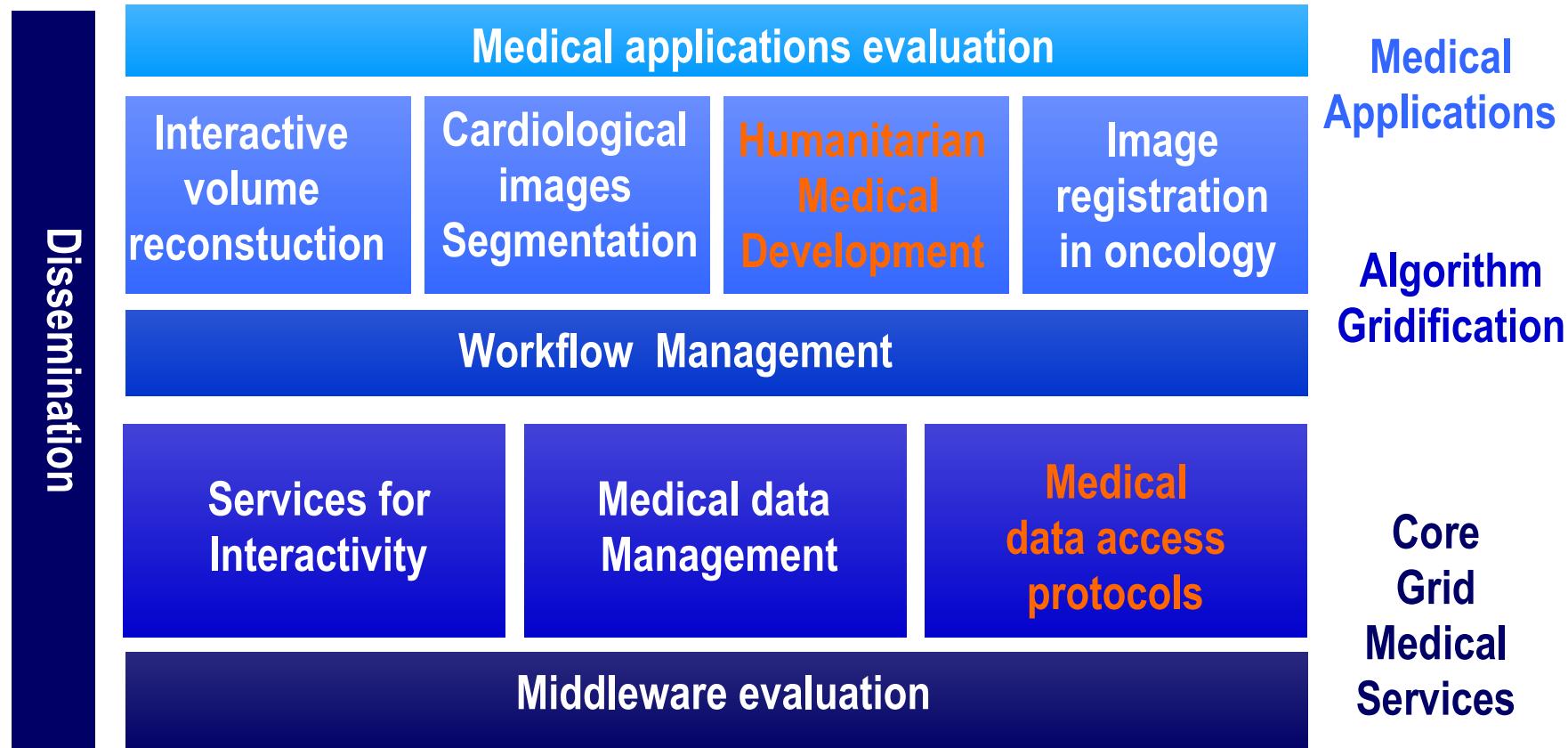
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f01n03.6293.0	publ	5/22 16:16	R	50	standard	f03n09
f01n03.6304.0	agma	5/22 22:46	R	50	standard	f11n05
f01n03.6309.0	agma	5/23 12:41	R	50	standard	f01n11
f01n01.10914.0	ying	5/23 14:17	R	50	fewcpu	f06n03
f01n02.4596.0	dpan	5/23 15:33	I	50	standard	
f01n03.6310.0	divi	5/23 16:03	I	50	standard	

- **Scaling critical components of distributed systems**
 - **Scheduling: where and when?**
 - Agent-based scheduling and QoS: sharing resources across users
 - Workflow management: application performance
 - Contexts: (multi)processor scheduling, parallel scheduling
 - **Medical data and metadata management (coll. MediGrid)**
 - Interoperability between medical service/format standards and grid storage services
 - Security/privacy and medical requirements eg patient benefit
- **Adaptive storage and transmission**
 - **Compression algorithms**
 - **Network-adaptive compression (coll Network team CRAN)**
 - **User-adaptive compression: Intelligent remote data access - Data of Interest**
 - **Impact of network QoS (coll UREC)**

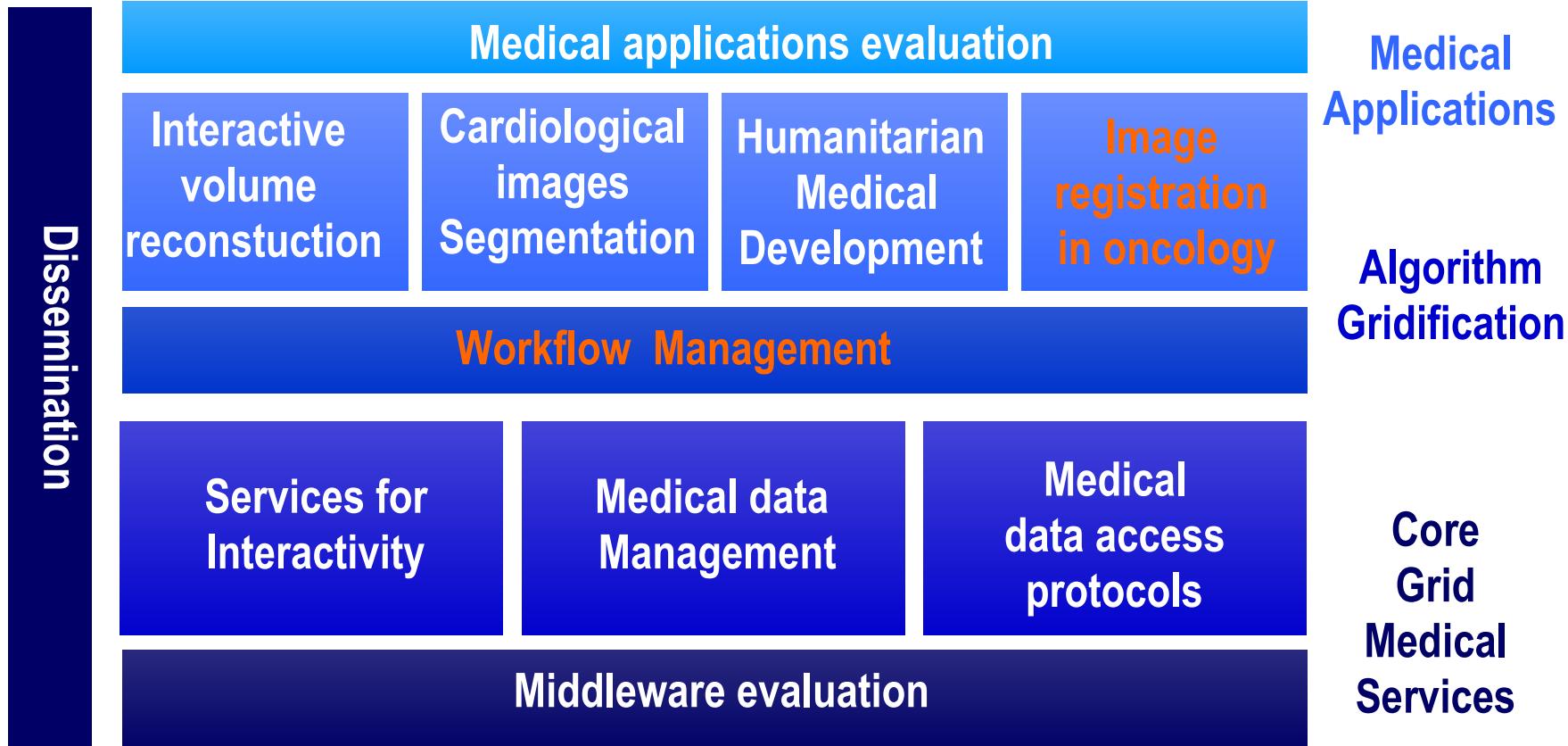
- **Medical imaging algorithms**
 - Parallel processing: 3D + time segmentation, non-linear registration
 - Bronze standard evaluation
- **Interaction between compression and image processing**
 - Impact on intrinsic performance
 - Integration of multi-scale/multi-level methods and compression



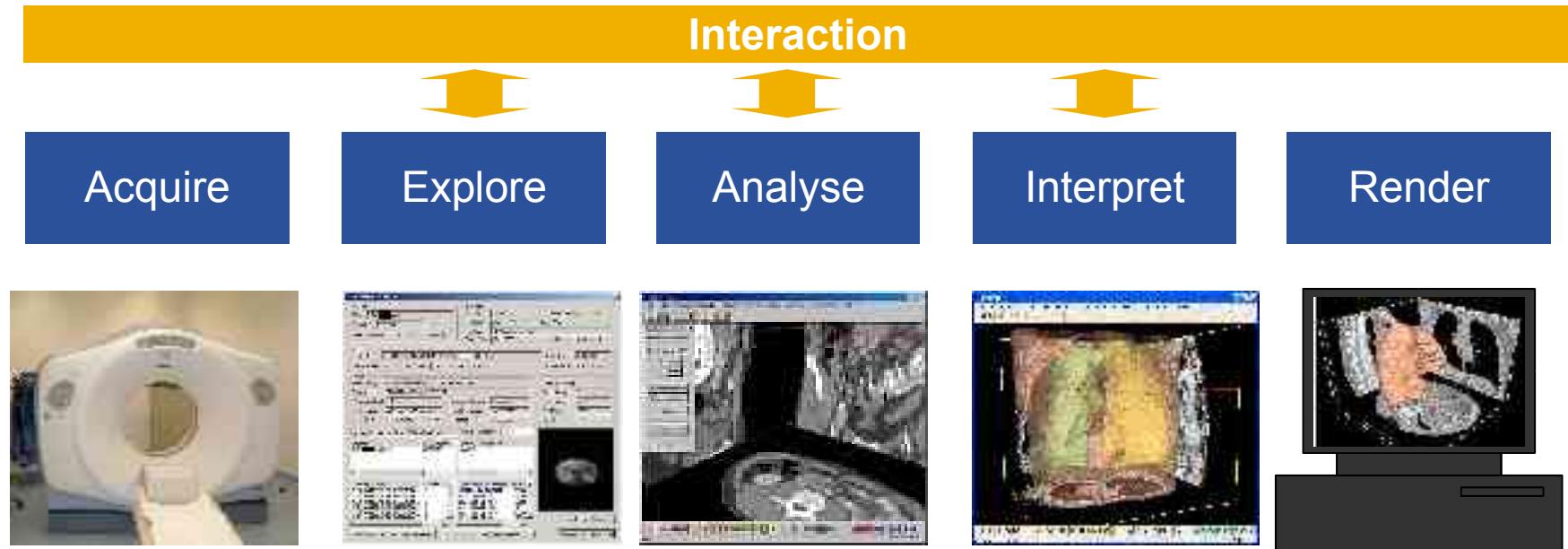




DEMO

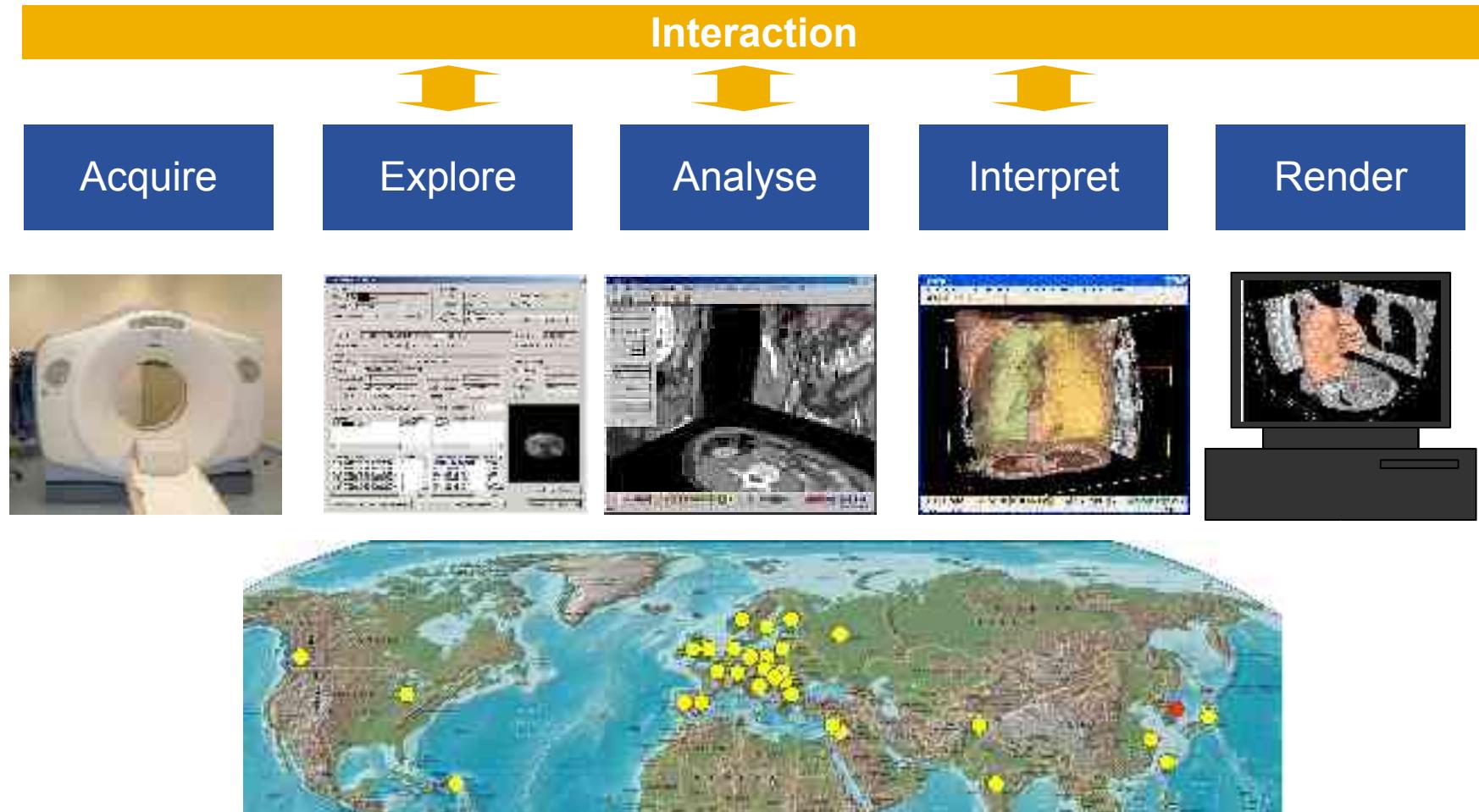


- An augmented reality system



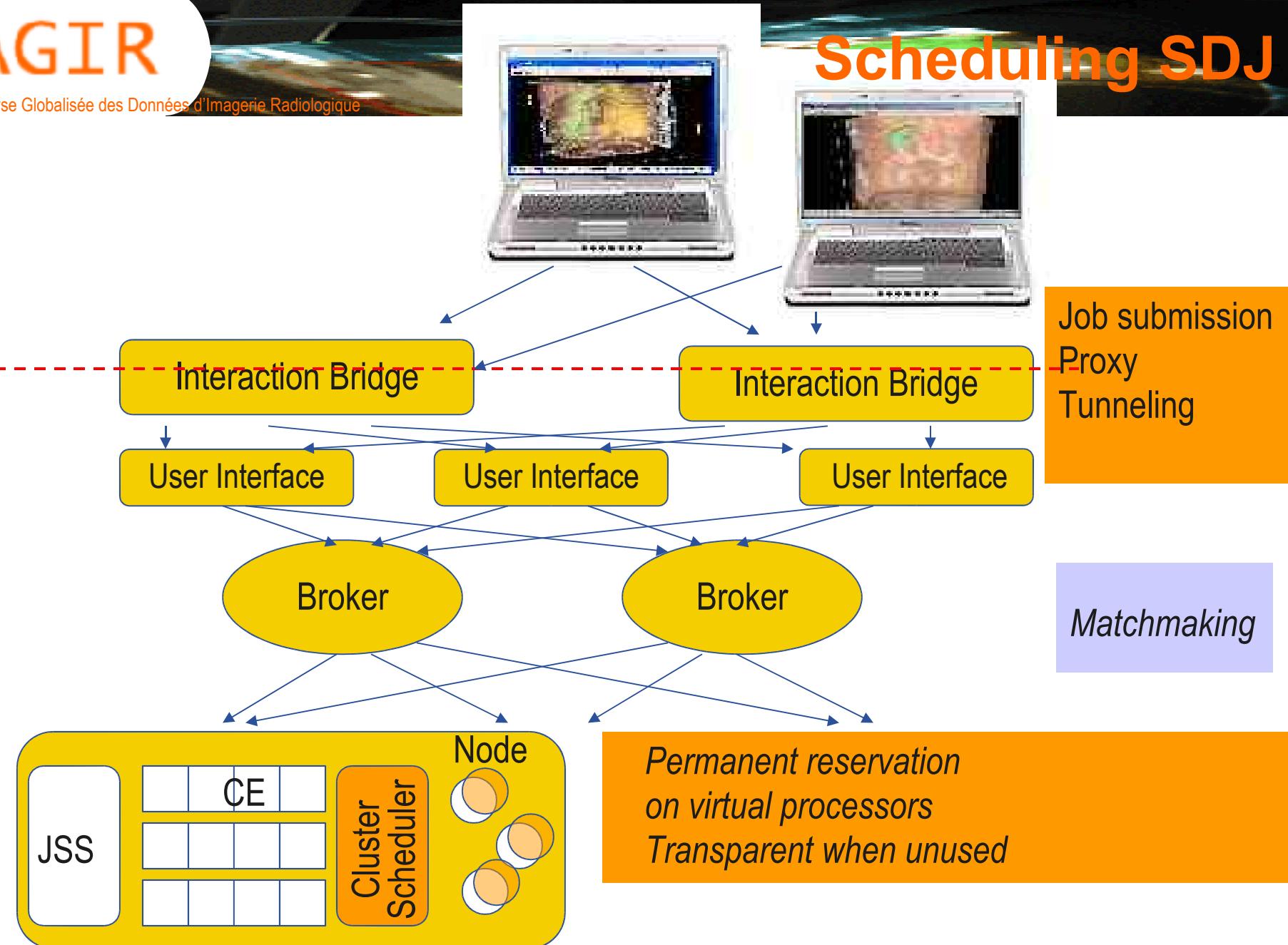
- A.Osorio & team – LIMSI Clinical use RSNA 2002, 2003, 2004
- Complex interface: optimized graphics and medically-oriented interactions
- Physician interaction is required at and inside all steps

- Grid-enable PTM3D on a production grid

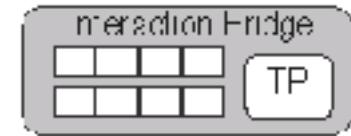




- Short Deadline Jobs
 - A moldable application: individual tasks are very fine-grained
 - Cope with the grid submission penalty
 - Soft deadline
 - No reservation: should be executed immediately or rejected
- Sharing contract
 - Bounded slowdown for regular jobs
 - Do not degrade resource utilization
 - No strong preemption
 - Fair share across SDJ
- Contexts
 - (multi) Processor soft real-time scheduling
 - Network routing Differentiated Services



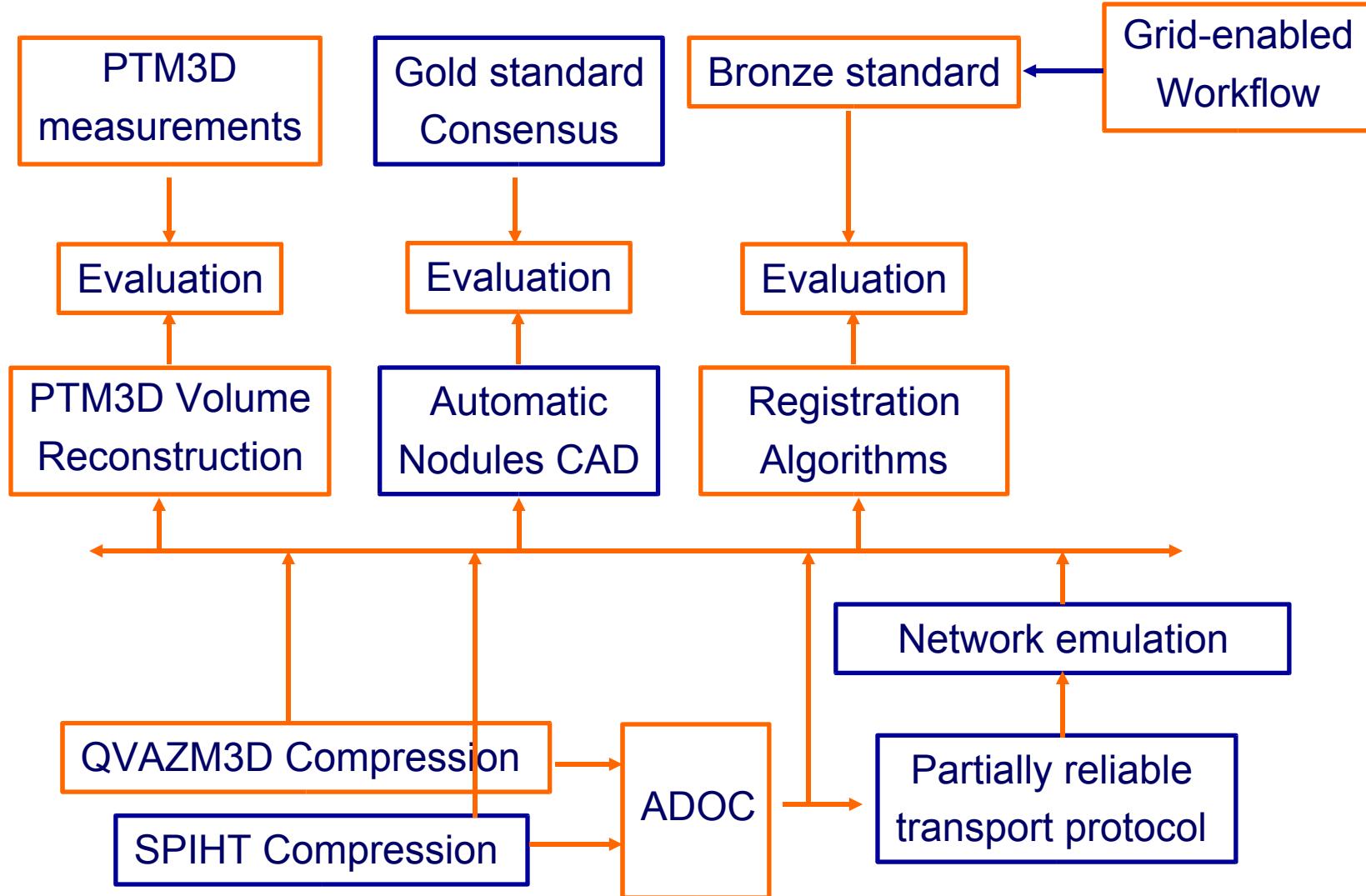
- Interactive response time for volume reconstruction
- With unmodified interaction scheme
- Demonstrated at the first EGEE EU review
- SDJ working group
- Demo

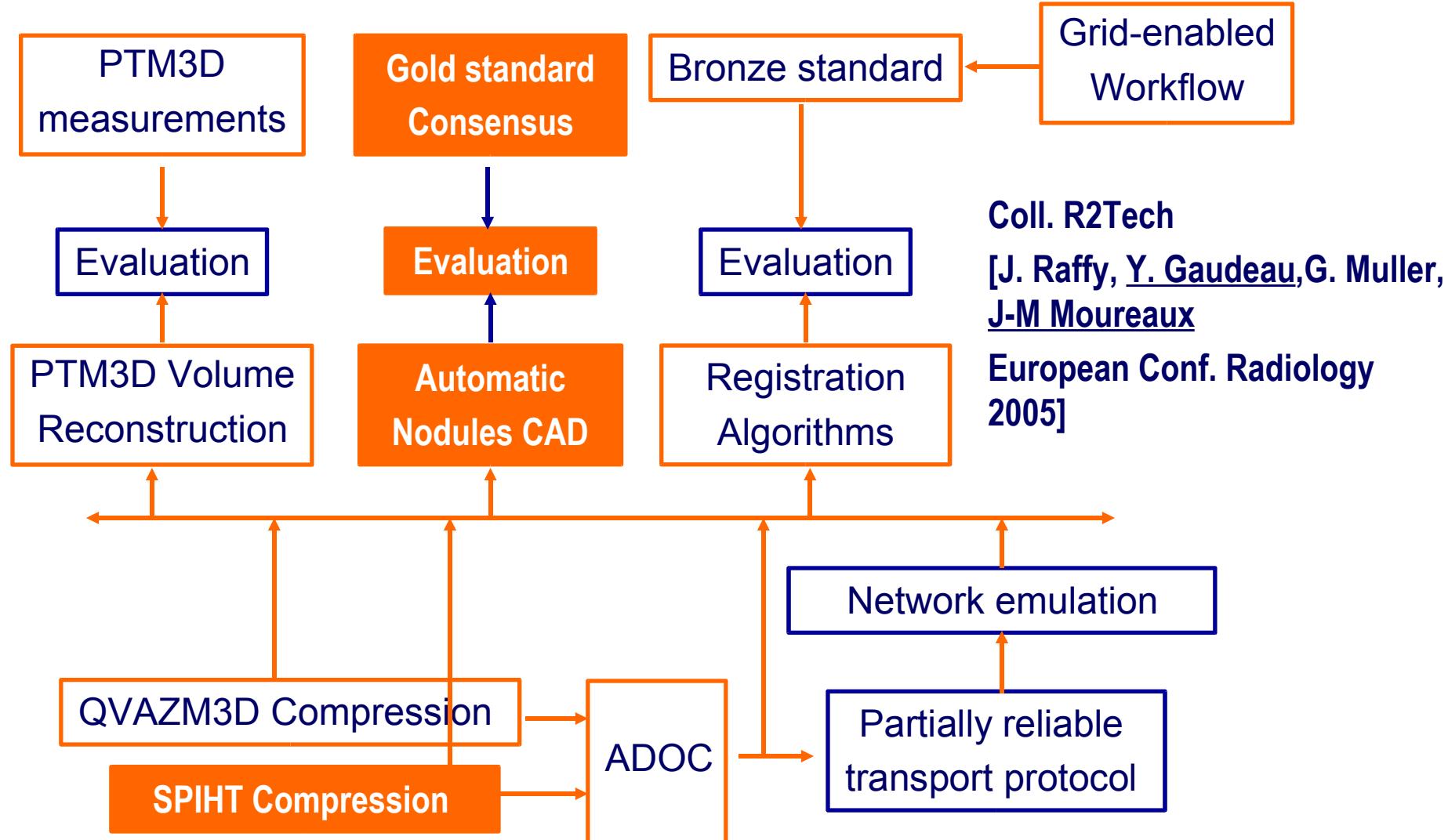


[C. Germain, R. Texier, A. Osorio.
Methods of Information in Medicine. 44
(2) 2005]

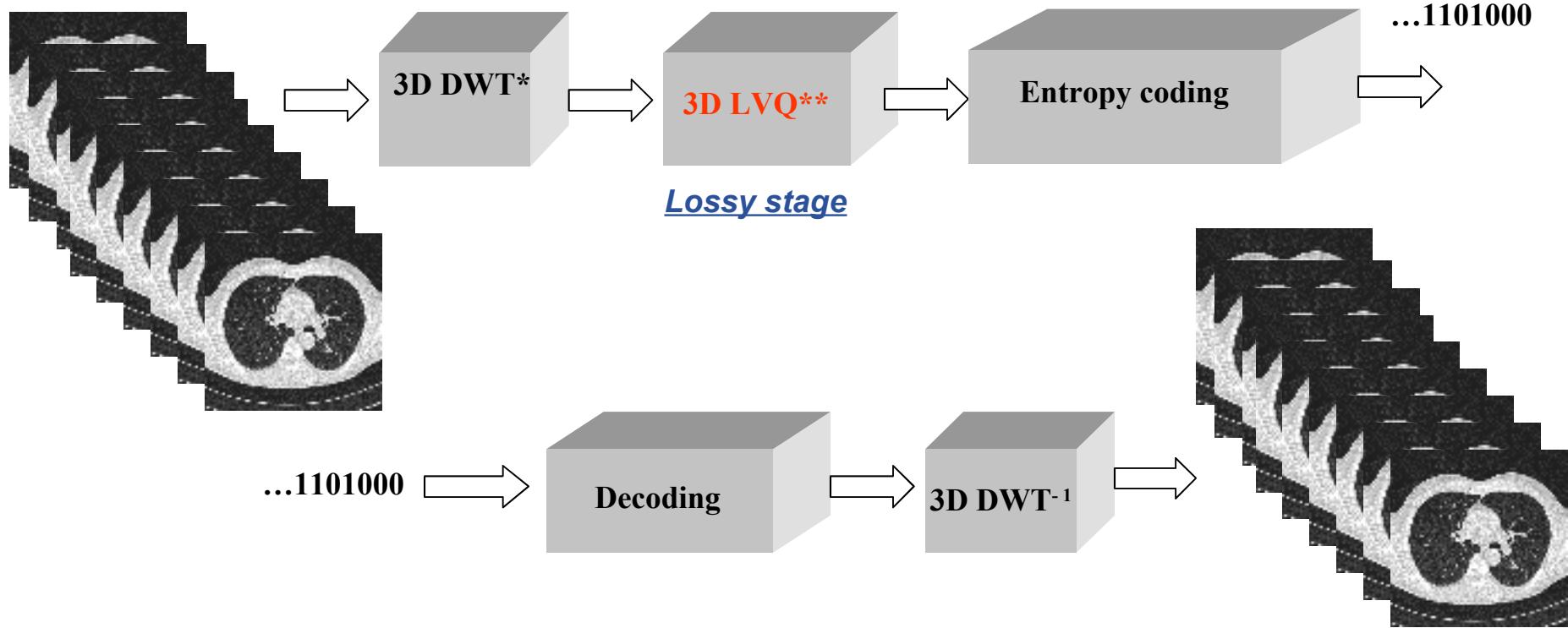
- Integration with tasks Medical data access & Medical data protocols
- Remote access may exploit the structure of a medical image
 - Medical Windowing
 - Interactive or automatic or aided selection on summary data
- Intelligent prefetch mechanisms to capture and anticipate the way data are explored and analyzed

- **Objectifs: stockage différencié et transmission efficace**
- **Intégré dans DICOM**
- **Compression avec perte/sans perte**
 - Les images médicales possèdent des tolérances à la compression avec perte suivant le type d'image. [Bradley 2000]
- **Intégrer de nouvelles fonctionnalités**
 - Transmission progressive, ROI
- **Compatibilité avec d'autres traitements (tatouage ...)**
- **Evaluation des performances**
 - Taux de compression/qualité/complexité
 - Dépendent contenu informatif de l'image
 - Classement sur piles d'images [Schelkens 2003] : SPIHT 3D en tête, JPEG2000 2D en dernier





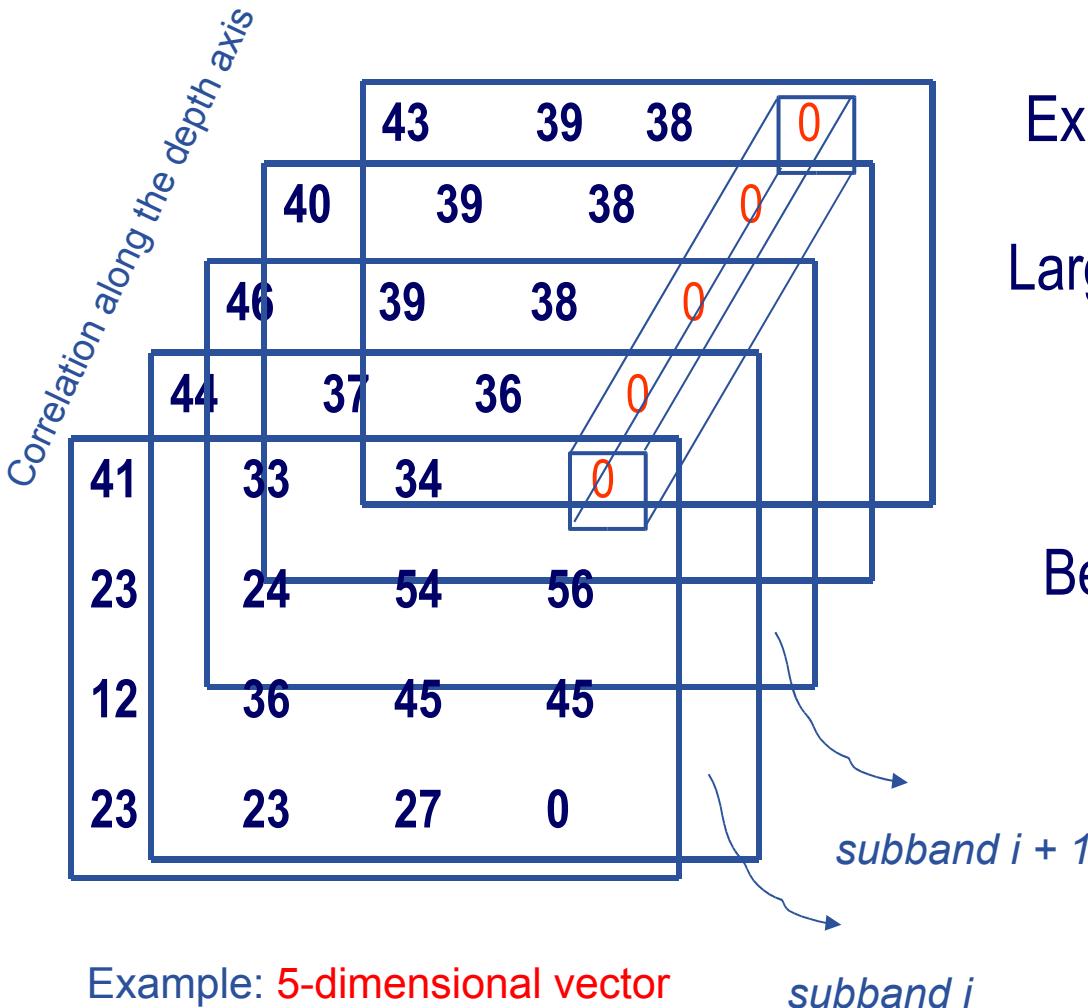
Original image stack



* Discrete Wavelet Transform

** Lattice Vector Quantization: fast vector quantization method

Reconstructed
image stack



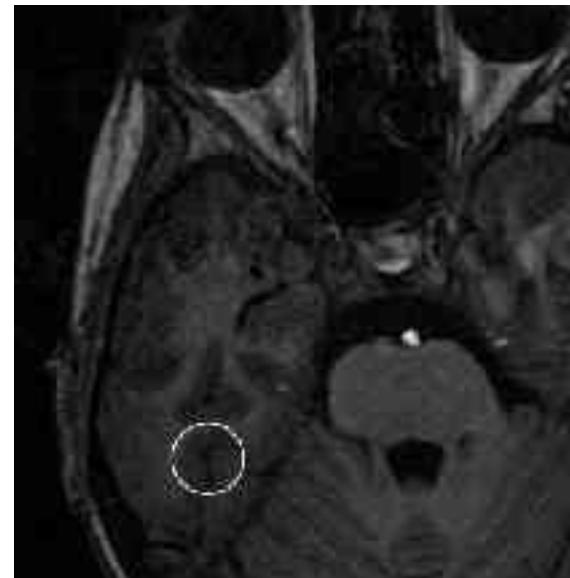
Exploiting correlations within vectors
+
Large non significant coefficient areas

↓

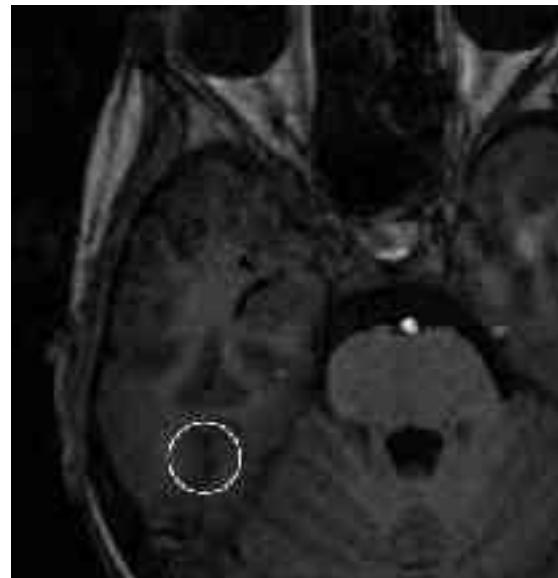
Better bit rate / distortion efficiency

IRM de cerveau* (512x512x32x8 bits)

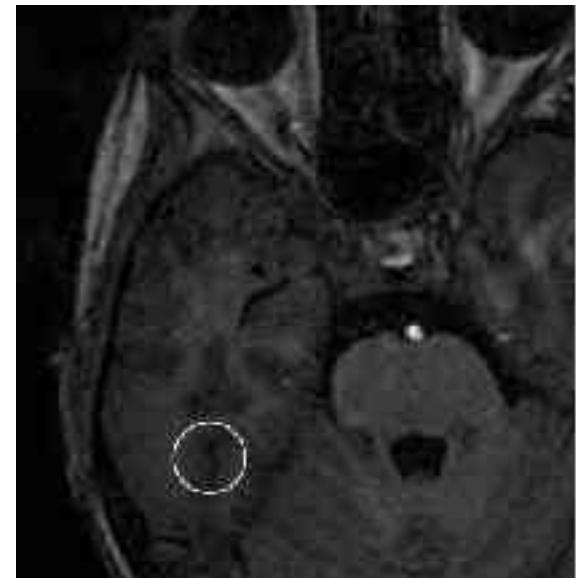
(zoom de la coupe 18)



⊕ Originale

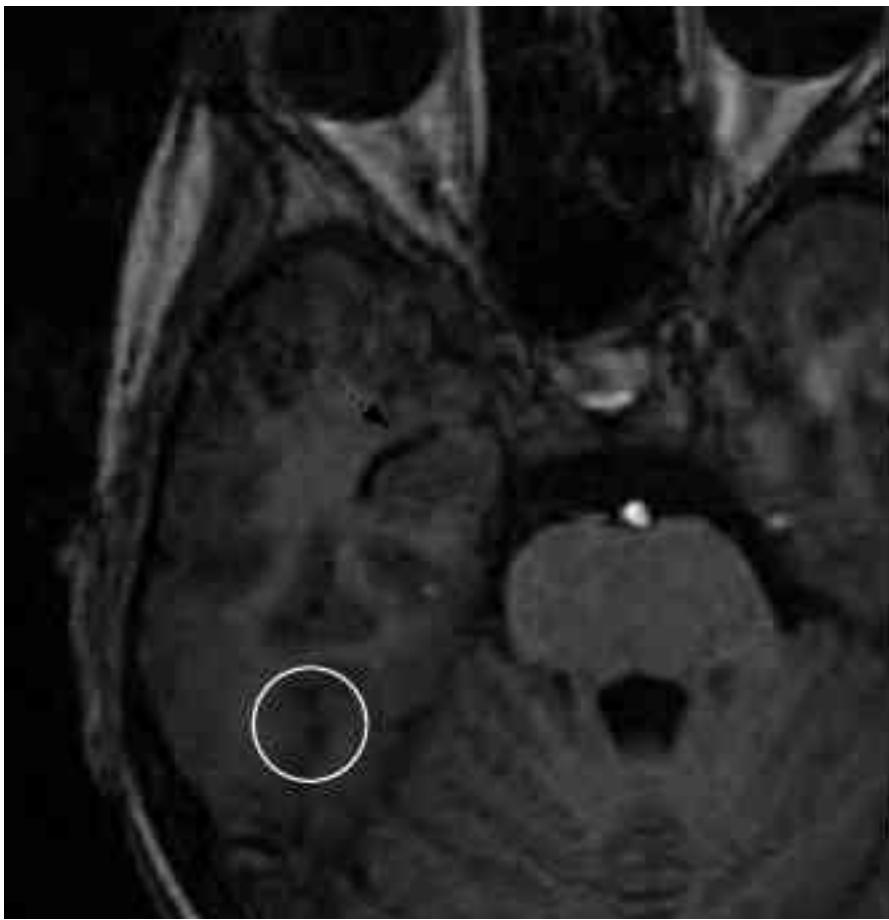


⊕ 3D SPIHT (TC = 64:1)



⊕ QVAZM 3D (TC = 64:1)

* Images fournies par Didier Wolf (CRAN - Responsable du thème Ingénierie pour la Santé)



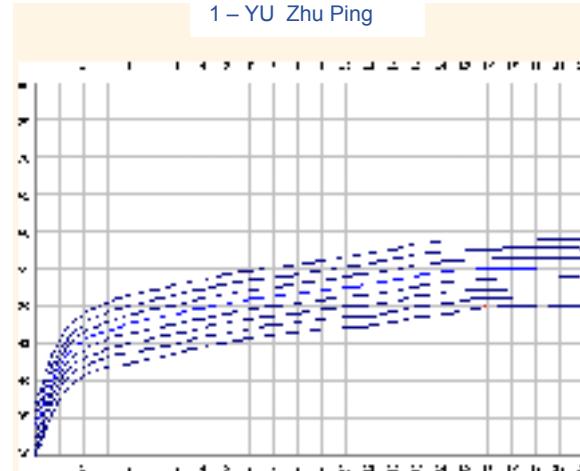
+3D SPIHT (TC = 64:1)



+QVAZM 3D (TC = 64:1)

- **CHINA – Collaboration between Hospitals for International Neurosurgery Applications**

- Goals: Enable medical data exchange
- Text-based data and medical images
- For second remote diagnosis
- A web-based application -> Grid
- **Very lossy transport layer**



F2 - Clinical Examination

Parameter	Value	Unit
Weight	65	Kg
Height	175	Cm
Blood Pressure	120/80	mmHg
Pulse	60	beats/min
Temperature	37.2	°C
SpO2	98	%

- **Provide an image dataset to the partners**
 - Clinical CT-Scans and MRI
 - Phantoms CT-Scans
 - Soon: synthetic MRI (coll. SIMR3D at Creatis)
- **Anonymization compliant to SFR requirements**
- **Clinical research: PHRC Transplantation
d'Hépatocytes**

AGIR Medical Images Database Microsoft Internet Explorer

Fichier Édition Affichage Fournir Outils

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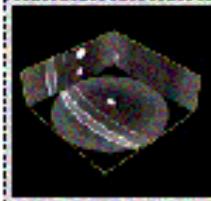
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Please log in/press enter. You can
search the database on the
left column.

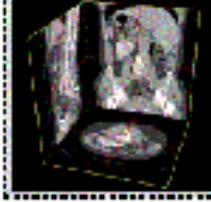
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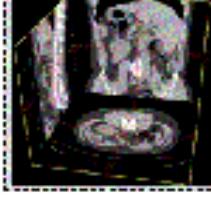
Search results

Type: All
Sort by: Unsorted

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 Details available to registered members.

 Details available to registered members.

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demarrer E-mail Exporter... AGIR MDC... https://sites... Outils Microsoft JRCAC

- **EGEE**
 - SDJ qualified as a priority, WG
 - Contributions from EGEE to developments
- **Grid 5000 deployment of the workflow enactor MOTEUR**
- **Health Grid**
 - gPTM3D part of the SC05 demonstration
 - AGIR invited at the next HG conference
- **Invited at the GDR STIC-Santé day orgnized by Neurobase**

- Medical image analysis is an ideal grid use case
- Medical computing practice must be considered as first order requirements, not interface of practical issues
- Revisit classical problems such as time-sharing or streaming or region of interest with new hypothesis



- Use cases and general issues
 - The HealthGrid white paper whitepaper.healthgrid.org
 - Report on Images, medical analysis and grid environments workshop.
D. Berry, C. Germain-Renaud, D. Hill, S. Pieper and J. Saltz.
www.nesc.ac.uk/technical_papers/UKeS-2004-02.pdf
- AGIR
 - C. Germain, V. Breton, P. Clarysse, Y. Gaudeau, T. Glatard, E. Jeannot, Y. Legré, C. Loomis, J. Montagnat, J-M Moureaux, A. Osorio, X. Pennec, R. Texier. Grid-enabling medical image analysis. *CCGrid 2005 Bio-Grid workshop, IEEE Press*. Extended version to appear in *Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing*
 - www.aci-agir.org